# InvenSense Motion Sensor Universal Evaluation Board (UEVB) User Guide

# **PURPOSE**

This document describes the hardware and circuitry on the Universal Evaluation Board (UEVB). The UEVB is used to evaluate most of InvenSense's current motion sensing (gyroscopes, accelerometers, magnetometers) products. It covers applying the UEVB to a larger system, and requires the understanding of key signals and circuit functions, hardware jumper settings, and port connections.

#### USAGE

This UEVB provides up to nine axes of motion sensing comprised of:

- Digital-output of 3-axis gyroscope with user-programmable full-scale ranges
- Digital-output of 3-axis accelerometer with user-programmable full-scale ranges
- Digital-output of 3-axis magnetometer
- On-chip temperature sensor
- Data is measured using on-chip ADCs and is transmitted over I<sup>2</sup>C or SPI interfaces

The UEVB may be used by itself utilizing SPI or I<sup>2</sup>C serial communications interfaces. Alternatively, it may be connected to the InvenSense ARM Controller Board (EV\_INVARM\_D) for connectivity to a host computer via USB interface.

The UEVB was designed to support up to 9-axis MPUs (Motion Processing Units) with a built-in compass (MPU-91xx and MPU-92xx). Connecting an external compass board to the UEVB may require the user to connect their third-party compass to the UEVB via its auxiliary I<sup>2</sup>C bus. The UEVB is populated with an external compass, and can access the main or auxiliary I<sup>2</sup>C bus lines provided by the sensor (AUX\_DA and AUX\_CL) via resistor options.

#### **RELATED DOCUMENTS**

Please refer to the product specification of the main motion sensor for electrical characteristics, pin out and applications details. Sensor product specifications can be found at <u>www.invensense.com</u>. For product specifications for unreleased parts, please contact the InvenSense sales department at <u>sales@invensense.com</u>.

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# **UEVB OVERVIEW**

The UEVB hosts most of InvenSense's motion sensors and MPUs. To support a number of different products with the UEVB, resistor options were implemented for easy and flexible circuit configurations. For example, Table 1a shows the most popular parts that fit on the UEVB. Table 1b lists the resistor options for different configurations.

UEVB	PART			PACKAGE TYPE	
IDENTIFIER	NUMBER	SENSOR TYPE	FEATURES	& DIMENSIONS	PIN COUNT
	MPU-65xx	6-axis (accel, gyro)		QFN, 3 x 3 x 0.9 mm	24
	MPU-68xx	6-axis (accel, gyro)		QFN, 3 x 3x 0.9 mm	24
U1A	MPU-92xx	9-axis (accel, gyro, compass)	AKM compass	QFN, 3 x 3 x 1 mm	24
	ICM-206xx	6-axis (accel, gyro)		LGA, 3 x 3 x 0.9 mm* QFN, 3 X 3 X 0.75 mm	24
	ICM-209xx	9-axis (accel, gyro, compass)	AKM compass	LGA, 3 x 3 x 1 mm**	24
	IDG-20xx	2-axis gyro (X, Y)	OIS	QFN, 3 x 3 x 0.75 mm	16
	IXZ-20xx	2-axis gyro (X, Z)	OIS	QFN, 3 x 3 x 0.75 mm	16
	IDG-25xx	2-axis gyro (X, Y)		QFN, 3 x 3 x 0.9 mm	16
U1B	IXZ-25xx	2-axis gyro (X, Z)		QFN, 3 x 3 x 0.9 mm	16
	ITG-35xx	3-axis gyro		QFN, 3 x 3 x 0.9 mm	16
	ITG-352x	3-axis gyro	OIS	QFN, 3 x 3 x 0.9 mm QFN, 3 x 3 x 0.75 mm	16
	ITG-358x	3-axis gyro	Custom	QFN, 3 x 3 x 0.9 mm	16
U1C	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	IMU-30xx	3-axis gyro		QFN, 4 x 4 x 0.9 mm	24
	MPU-30xx	3-axis gyro		QFN, 4 x 4 x 0.9 mm	24
	MPU-33xx	3-axis gyro		QFN, 4 x 4 x 0.9 mm	24
U1D	MPU-60xx	6-axis (accel, gyro)		QFN, 4x 4 x 0.9 mm	24
	MPU-615x	6-axis (accel, gyro)		QFN, 4 x 4 x 0.9mm	24
	MPU-91xx	9-axis (accel, gyro, compass)		LGA, 4 x 4 x 1 mm	24

# **TABLE 1A. PARTS FOR UEVB FOOTPRINTS**

\* Engineering samples only

\*\* Preliminary package information

## TABLE 1B. RESISTOR OPTIONS

	Function as CS	R18 = 1kΩ (or Open)
CS/V_LOGIC Pin Resistor Option for All Footprints	Function as CS	R22 = 0 Ω
	V_LOGIC	R18 = 0 Ω
	V_LOGIC	R22 = Open
	Reserved	R1, R3, R5, R7 = 0 Ω
U1A Resistor Option	reserveu	R2, R4, R6, R8 = Open
	MPU-92xx and other	R1, R3, R5, R7 = Open
	QFN24_3x3mm parts	R2, R4, R6, R8 = 0 Ω
		R19 = 10 kΩ
U1D Resistor Option	Pin 15 = High	R20 = Open
	Din 15 – Low	R19 = Open
	Pin 15 = Low	
U2 Resistor	Connects U2 to primary I <sup>2</sup> C bus	R11, R13 = 0 Ω
Option	Connects 02 to primary 1 C bus	R12, R14 = Open
	Connects U2 to U1's auxiliary I <sup>2</sup> C	R11, R13 = Open
	bus (if available)	R12, R14 = 0 Ω

There are four footprints on the UEVB PCB (Figures 1A, 1B, 1C and 1D) to fit various motion sensors, but only one may be populated at a time.

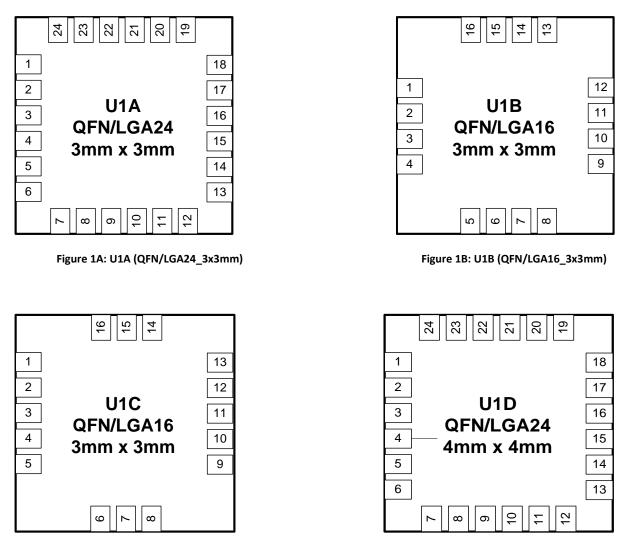


Figure 1C: U1C (QFN/LGA16\_3x3mm)

Figure 1D: U1D (QFN/LGA24\_4x4mm)

The UEVB is populated with components only on its top side (see Figure 2) to achieve ease of measurement access. A 10 x 2 connector (CN1) is designed to interface with the InvenSense ARM Controller Board (EV\_INVARM\_D), which is a host microcontroller board useful for programming the registers of the sensor on the UEVB and accessing sensor data via a PC or laptop through the USB port.

A 3-pin power selection header (JP1) is provided to choose the voltage level for VDD. Similarly, a 3-pin VDDIO selection header (JP2) allows the user to select the power source for the board's/sensor's digital I/O voltage.

#### **KEY FUNCTIONS AND PINOUTS**

The motion sensing UEVB is a fully assembled and tested evaluation board, allowing for simple and swift evaluation of the device's X/Y/Z axis angular rate gyroscope, X/Y/Z axis accelerometer, and X/Y/Z axis compass. The motion sensing device has a primary interface to talk to the application processor and a secondary interface that allows a user to communicate with an external sensor, such as a pressure sensor or compass.

The motion sensing device utilizes the InvenSense proprietary MEMS technology with driven vibrating masses to produce a functionally complete, low-cost motion sensor. The motion processing unit incorporates X/Y/Z axis low-pass filters and an EEPROM for on-chip factory calibration of the sensor. Factory-trimmed scale factors eliminate the need for external active components and end-user calibration. A built-in Proportional-To-Absolute-Temperature (PTAT) sensor provides temperature compensation information. Refer to the product specification document for each sensor to obtain more details on each sensor's specific features. The UEVB is lead-free and RoHS compliant.

# **I2C/SPI BUS CONNECTIONS**

The UEVB communicates with a system processor through the customer header using either the I<sup>2</sup>C or the SPI serial interface. The device always acts as a slave when communicating with the system processor.

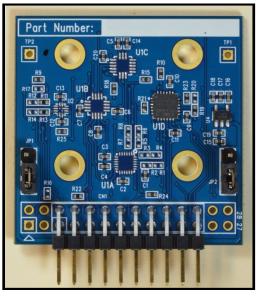
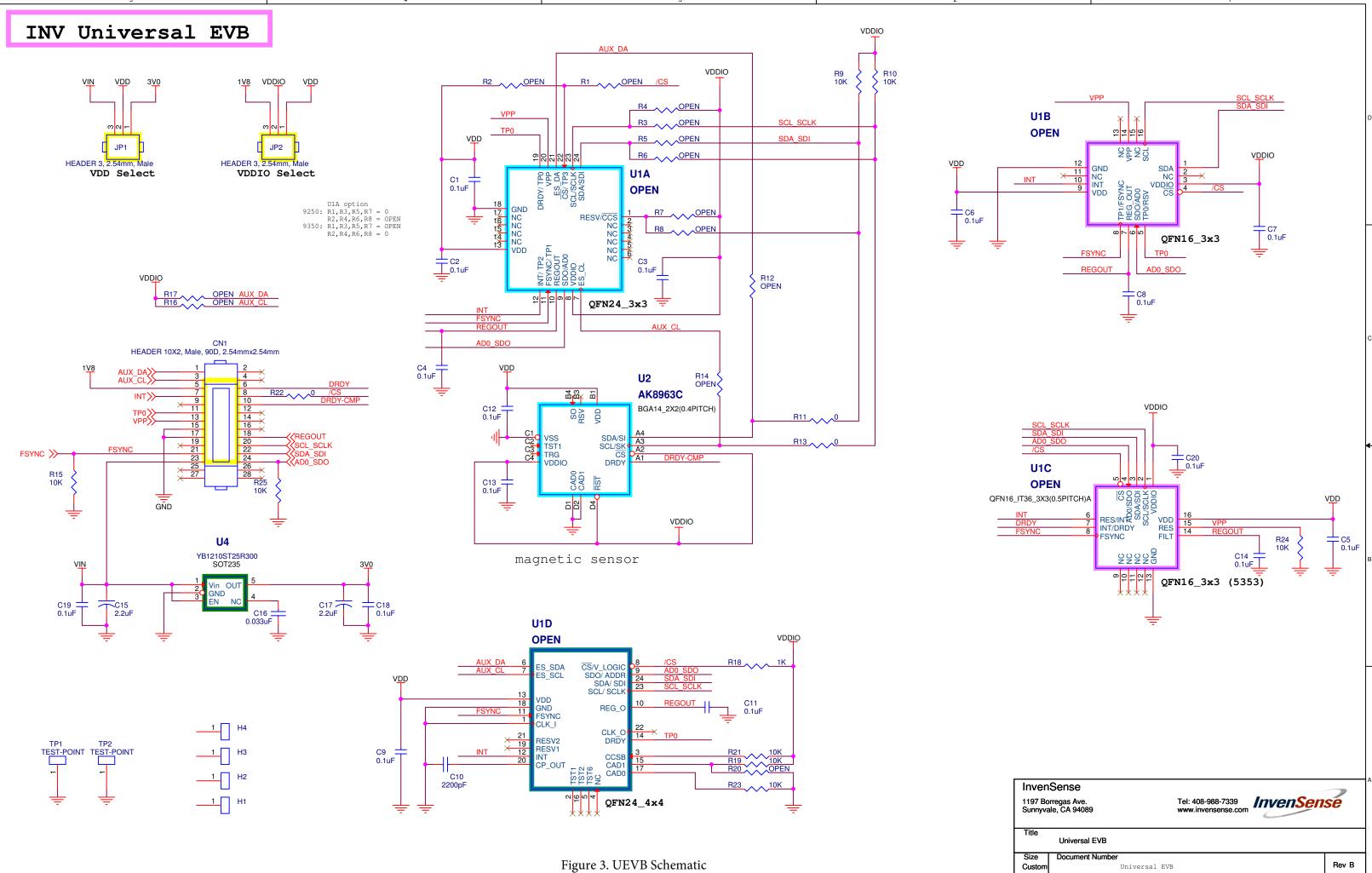


Figure 2. Top Side of the UEVB (e.g. MPU-65xx)



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Friday, August 23, 2013

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# BILL OF MATERIAL (BOM)

The UEVB offers five different BOMs, which cover most of InvenSense's sensor (see Table 2a, 2b, 2c, and 2d). There are two BOM versions for U1D, one for U1A and U1B.

# TABLE 2A. BILL OF MATERIAL FOR U1A (e.g. with MPU-92XX)

ITEM	QUANTITY	REFERENCE	PART	PCB FOOTPRINT
1	1	CN1	Header 10 X 2, M, 90D, 2.54 x 2.54 mm	HDB2X14NRA
2	16	C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8, C9, C11, C12, C13, C14, C18, C19, C20	0.1 μF	C0402
3	1	C10	2200 pF	C0402
4	2	C15, C17	2.2 μF	C0402
5	1	C16	0.033 μF	C0402
7	2	JP1, JP2	Header 3, 2.54 mm, Male	SIP-3P
9	8	R9, R10, R15, R19, R21, R23, R24, R25	10 kΩ	R0402
10	7	R1, R3, R5, R7, R11, R13, R22	0 Ω	R0402
11	1	R18	1 kΩ	R0402
13	1	U1A	MPU-92xx	QFN24_3x3 mm
17	1	U2	AK8963C	BGA14_2X2 mm
18	1	U4	XC6210B302MR-G	SOT25

## TABLE 2B. BILL OF MATERIAL FOR U1B (e.g. with ITG-35XX)

ITEM	QUANTITY	REFERENCE	PART	PCB FOOTPRINT
1	1	CN1	Header 10X2, M, 90D, 2.54 x 2.54 mm	HDB2X14NRA
2	16	C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8, C9, C11, C12, C13, C14, C18, C19, C20	0.1 μF	C0402
3	1	C10	2200 pF	C0402
4	2	C15, C17	2.2 μF	C0402
5	1	C16	0.033 μF	C0402
7	2	JP1 JP2	Header 3, 2.54mm, Male	SIP-3P
9	8	R9, R10, R15, R19, R21, R23, R24, R25	10 kΩ	R0402
10	3	R11, R13, R22	0 Ω	R0402
11	1	R18	1 kΩ	R0402
14	1	U1B	ITG-35xx	QFN16_3X3 (0.5 Pitch)A
17	1	U2	AK8963C	BGA14_2X2 (0.4 Pitch)
18	1	U4	XC6210B302MR-G	SOT25

ITEM	QUANTITY	REFERENCE	PART	PCB FOOTPRINT
1	1	CN1	Header 10X2, M, 90D, 2.54 x 2.54 mm	HDB2X14NRA
2	16	C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8, C9, C11, C12, C13, C14, C18, C19, C20	0.1 μF	C0402
3	1	C10	2200 pF	C0402
4	2	C15, C17	2.2 μF	C0402
5	1	C16	0.033 μF	C0402
7	2	JP1, JP2	Header 3, 2.54 mm, Male	SIP-3P
9	8	R9, R10, R15, R19, R21, R23, R24, R25	10 kΩ	R0402
10	3	R11, R13, R22	0 Ω	R0402
11	1	R18	1 kΩ	R0402
16	1	U1D	MPU-60xx	QFN24_4X4(0.5 Pitch)
17	1	U2	AK8963C	BGA14_2X2(0.4Pitch)
18	1	U4	XC6210B302MR-G	SOT25

# TABLE 2C. BILL OF MATERIAL FOR U1D, OPTION-A (e.g. with MPU-60XX)

# TABLE 2D. BILL OF MATERIAL FOR U1D, OPTION-B (e.g. with MPU-91XX)

ITEM	QUANTITY	REFERENCE	PART	PCB FOOTPRINT
1	1	CN1	Header 10X2, M, 90D, 2.54 x 2.54 mm	HDB2X14NRA
2	16	C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8, C9, C11, C12, C13, C14, C18, C19, C20	0.1µF	C0402
3	1	C10	2200 pF	C0402
4	2	C15, C17	2.2 μF	C0402
5	1	C16	0.033uF	C0402
7	2	JP1, JP2	HEADER 3, 2.54 mm, Male	SIP-3P
9	6	R9, R10, R15, R21, R24, R25	10 kΩ	R0402
10	5	R11, R13, R20, R22, R23	0Ω	R0402
11	1	R18	1 kΩ	R0402
16	1	U1D	MPU-91xx	QFN24_4X4(0.5 Pitch)
17	1	U2	AK8963C	BGA14_2X2(0.4 Pitch)
18	1	U4	XC6210B302MR-G	SOT25

# **POWER SUPPLY CONNECTIONS**

JP1 and JP2 are 3-pin jumpers, which allow the user to select between an on-board LDO (Low-Voltage Dropout Regulator, U4) and an external DC supply (VIN) to power the motion sensor. For details, please refer to Table 3: Power Selection Jumpers.

The on-board low-noise 3V LDO offers an output that is called 3V0 (Figure 3). Using this will ensure that the sensor performance will meet data sheet specifications.

Selecting VIN to power the chip/board is generally done while designing and evaluating an embedded platform, where the host processor and related electronics need full control over the motion processing chipset's power supply.

If a user intends to use the on-board 3V power source, an external VIN must be provided with at least 3.7V to ensure the LDO works properly.

If the user provides a VIN power level of 5V, JP1 and JP2 must be shunted across pins 1-2, since the motion sensors' VDD and VDDIO operational ranges are  $\leq$ 3.6V.

# TABLE 3. POWER SELECTION JUMPERS (JP1, JP2)

JP1 PIN NUMBER	SIGNAL DESCRIPTION	
1-2 Shunted	VDD = 3V (from LDO, VIN > 3.7V, net name 3V0)	
2-3 Shunted	VDD = VIN (from an external source)	
JP2 PIN NUMBER	SIGNAL DESCRIPTION	
1-2 Shunted	VDDIO = VDD	
2-3 Shunted	VDDIO = 1.8V (from an external source, net name 1V8)	

# **UEVB CONNECTOR SIGNALS DESCRIPTION**

# TABLE 4. USER INTERFACE CONNECTOR SIGNALS (CN1)

CN1 PIN NUMBER	CN1 SIGNAL NAME	SIGNAL DESCRIPTION	
1	AUX_DA	AUX_DA. Auxiliary I <sup>2</sup> C clock	
2, 4, 9, 12, 14, 16, 19, 25, 26, 27, 28	NC	NC. Do not connect to these pins.	
3	AUX_CL	AUX_CL. Auxiliary I <sup>2</sup> C data	
5	1V8	1V8 Power. Receive power from InvenSense ARM controller board or an external source. 1.8V @ > 200mA current sourcing capabilities are recommended.	
6	DRDY	DRDY. Data ready and FIFO interrupts	
7	INT	INT. Interrupt output to controller	
8	/CS	Test Signal or SPI Chip Select	
10	DRDY-CMP	Compass (U2) DRDY	
11	ТРО	Test Signal	
13	VPP	Test Signal	
15, 17	GND	GND. Ground connection	
18	REGOUT	REGOUT. On- chip regulator output	
20	SCL_SCLK	SCL/SCLK. I <sup>2</sup> C or SPI clock	
21	FSYNC	FSYNC. Frame synchronization input	
22	SDA_SDI	SDA/MOSI. I <sup>2</sup> C SDA or SPI MOSI signal	
23	VIN	Power. Receive power from InvenSense ARM controller board or an external source. 5V @ > 200mA current sourcing capabilities are recommended.	
24	AD0_SDO	AD0/MISO. I <sup>2</sup> C lowest address bit or SPI MISO signal	



#### **CONNECTING THE FSYNC LINE**

The FSYNC line is intended for use in a camera's image-stabilization system. It is an input from the camera platform to the UEVB, and is intended to synchronize the motion-sensor serial-bus transfer with the master timing set by the camera system.

#### SERIAL BUS LEVELS, SPEEDS, TERMINATIONS

The UEBV supports I<sup>2</sup>C communications up to 400kHz, or SPI communications up to 1MHz clock rates for writing. It can be operated at up to 20MHz for reading. The I<sup>2</sup>C bus open-drain pull-up resistors are connected to VDDIO.

# DATA GATHERING OPTIONS

The motion sensor's digital sensor data is available on the UEVB's header CN1. Alternatively, for connectivity with a host PC, an InvenSense ARM controller board may be used.

#### CONNECTION TO INVENSENSE ARM CONTROLLER BOARD

For communications via USB with a host computer, the UEVB can be connected to the InvenSense ARM controller board; the EV\_INVARM\_D. InvenSense provides a software to support the collection of sensor data through the UEVB/ARM controller board combo connected to a PC/laptop via a USB port. Please refer to the *Readme InvenSense Universal DataLogger* document for additional instructions on how to use the data logger to obtain the sensor data. This information can be provided by your local field team applications engineer on an as-needed basis.

Figure 4 shows the connection of the UEVB to the ARM controller board. Connections between the two boards are made via header CN1 on the UEVB and connector JP6 on the EV\_INVARM\_A controller board.

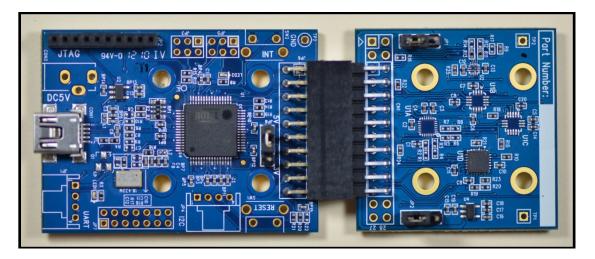


Figure 4. UEVB connected to InvenSense ARM Controller Board

#### USE OF THE UEVB WITHOUT AN ARM CONTROLLER BOARD

I<sup>2</sup>C and SPI signals are made available on header CN1. Users may develop their own tools to communicate with the UEVB as there is no bus mode selection setting required.

# SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

#### **ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE SENSITIVITY**

The motion sensors can be permanently damaged by electrostatic discharge (ESD). ESD precautions for handling and storage must be taken to avoid damage to the devices.

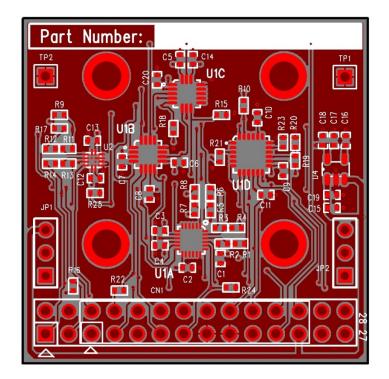
#### **BOARD LAYOUT AND FOOTPRINT DISCUSSION**

The UEVB is a 4-layer FR-4 PCB design with the dimensions: 38.1mm x 38.1mm x 1.6mm (1500 mil x 1500 mil x 62 mil). See Figure 5 and Figure 6 for a detailed top and bottom view of the UEVB.

The MPU footprint on the UEVB supports both QFN and LGA packages. Footprints and sensor land patterns were chosen large enough, so they offer ease of use, reliable contact with the sensor, hand-solder and debugging capabilities for both packages.

Note that to avoid potential shorting/clearance issues at the corner pins for LGA packages, the land pattern shapes for the individual pins in this design were chosen to be oblong rather than square. The dimensions for the pin pads are 0.225 mm x 0.7 mm.

Solder mask (also called solder resist is a layer of protective coating for PCB's copper traces, which helps to prevent undesired solder bridges and shorts) dimensions will not be provided as they are dependent upon the manufacturing process and the clearance capabilities of the chosen fabrication house. Contact your PCB vendor to determine the minimum required clearance between pin pads (usually 4 mil to 6 mil or 0.102 mm to 0.152 mm) and traces allowing them enough room to print an adequate solder mask.



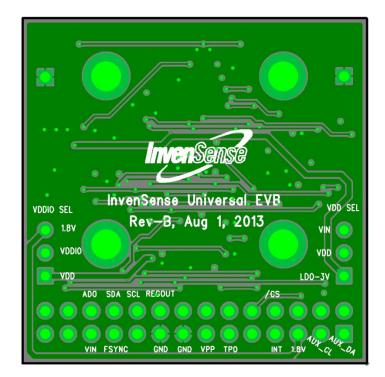


Figure 5 & Figure 6.Top & Bottom View of UEVB Board Layout

#### **REVISION HISTORY**

DATE	REVISION	DESCRIPTION
1/22/14	1.0	Initial Release
1/31/14	1.1	Updated parts list and BOM tables.

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